

R-parity Violation and 'All That'

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Oxford: 1990 - 1993

- I first saw Graham at Strings '89 at Texas A&M University, College Station, TX
- Jan., 1990: Oxford offered me a postdoc position: saved my life!
- We actually first met at CERN, in the Spring of 1990 for the LHC workshop (lead to Aachen meeting)
- Came to Oxford, Aug. 1990
- I spent three very happy and productive years in Oxford, mainly thanks to Graham

(In Dick Dalitz' former office, I had great office mates in Subir Sarkar and Steve Abel.)

(Graham gave me enough time off to regularly visit Heike in Hamburg and Columbus, OH in those 3 years)



Research

• In that time we published 3 papers together

R-parity Violation at Hadron Colliders
HKD, Graham G. Ross
Nucl.Phys. B365 (1991) 597-613

 Sphaleron Erasure of Primordial Baryogenesis HKD, Graham G. Ross Nucl.Phys. B410 (1993) 188-216
e-Print: hep-ph/9207221

 Neutrino Masses from Gauge Symmetries HKD, G.K. Leontaris, S. Lola, Graham G. Ross, C. Scheich Nucl.Phys. B436 (1995) 461-473
e-Print: hep-ph/9409369

Research II

• Graham also hooked me up with the experimentalists in Oxford

• R-parity Violation at HERA

J. Butterworth, HKD Nucl.Phys. B397 (1993) 3-34 e-Print: hep-ph/9211204

• Signals for Supersymmetry at HERA HKD, Peter Morawitz Nucl.Phys. B428 (1994) 31-60 e-Print: hep-ph/9405253

• And with an excellent student

• R-parity Violation at a 500 GeV e⁺ e⁻ Collider HKD, S. Lola ILC Workshop Porceedings, 1992

RPV at Colliders

 We took RPV seriously (well, I did ¨) and classified all *dominant* LHC signatures under the assumption of a neutralino LSP. We considered all 2 body production modes as well as well as the 2- and 3-body LSP decays.

$$\tilde{\chi}_{1}^{0} \rightarrow \begin{cases} \ell_{i}^{\pm} \ell_{k}^{\mp} \nu, \ \ell_{j}^{\pm} \ell_{k}^{\mp} \nu, & L_{i} L_{j} \bar{E}_{k} \\ (\ell_{i}^{\pm}, \not p_{T}) + 2 \text{ jets}, & L_{i} Q_{j} \bar{D}_{k} \\ 3 \text{ jets}, & \bar{U} \bar{D} \bar{D} \end{cases}$$

• Really very simple, but became the basis for all pheno studies

Motivation for RPV: Cosmology

• Bouquet & Salati; Campbell, Davidson, Ellis, Olive:

Sphalerons, together with RPV can entirely wipe out the primordial baryon asymmetry

RPV out of equilibrium:

 $\lambda_{\mathsf{RPV}} < 10^{-7}$

[sphalerons satisfy B-L, RPV violates B or L]

• This encouraged us to rethink the problem

Sphalerons actually satisfy $\frac{1}{3}B - L_i$ separately.

Employing full set of chemical potential equations: as long as one L_i remains conserved, others can be large

• Included mass correction factor for the first time

 $\mu_i \longrightarrow \alpha(m_i/T)\mu_i, \quad \tilde{\alpha}(m_i/T)\mu_i,$

• Leptogenesis:

$$B = (-16 + \frac{1344 + 1400\tilde{\alpha}}{144 + 270\tilde{\alpha} + 125\tilde{\alpha}^2})\frac{\Delta\tilde{\mu}}{15}$$

 $\Delta \mu \equiv \sum_i (1 - \alpha_i) \mu_i$,

 $\Delta \tilde{\mu}$: for SUSY

Rutherford Lab: 1996 – 2000

- Returned to Oxford; 2 days a week at Oxford
- Taught at Oxford physics department and University College, Oxford
- Became advisor to excellent Oxford Ph.D. students:

Peter Richardson, Marc Thormeier

• Worked on discrete symmetries, inspired by Graham and Luis



Aug. 2000

Discrete Gauge Symmetries

- Gauge symmetries safe from quantum gravity effects
- Discrete symmetry: remnant of broken gauge symmetry, also safe
- Luis and Graham: anomaly conditions on gauge symmetry translate into conditions on the low–energy discrete symmetry
- \bullet Classified all anomaly–free $\mathbf{Z}_{2,3}$ discrete symmetries, adding basic pheno requirements
- Only two remain: R_p and B_3

Discrete Gauge Symmetries II

- \bullet Extended this work with Christoph Luhn and Marc Thormeier to arbitrary \mathbf{Z}_N
- Extra solution P_6 , proton hexality; not GUT compatible
- Graham and collaborators (Hyun Min Lee, Stuart Raby, Michael Ratz, Roland Schieren, Kai Schmidt, Patrick Vaudravange) extended this work recently to discrete R-symmetries.
- They get a unique \mathbf{Z}_4^R symmetry for the MSSM, compatible with SO(10).
- With Christoph Luhn and Marja Hanussek, we are extending this to the RPV case.

(Note R-parity is not (necessarily) an R-symmetry.)

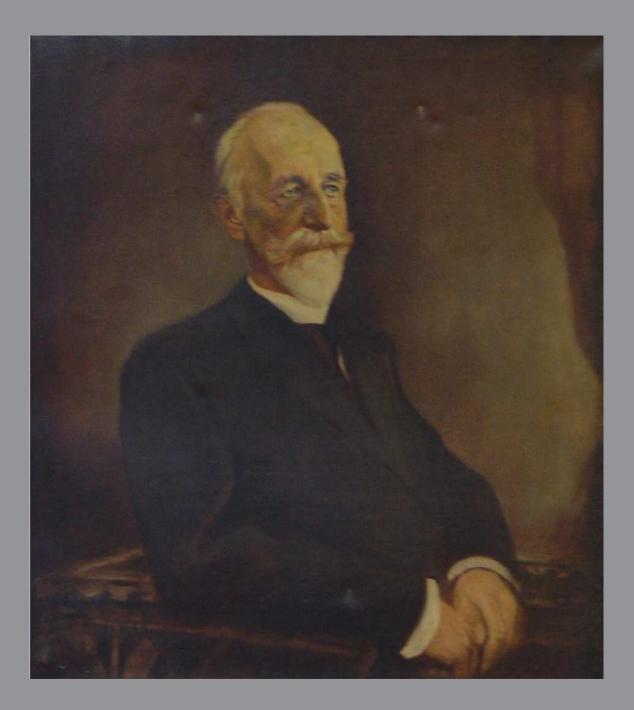
A Few words on RPV

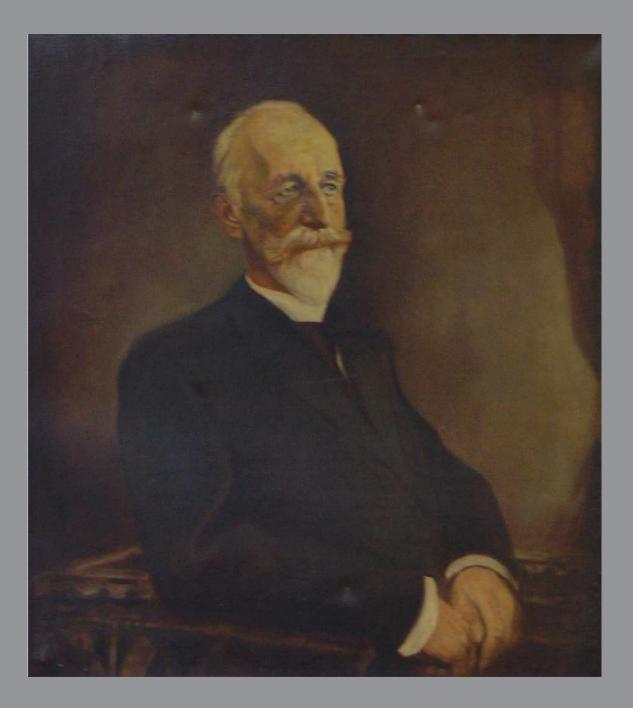
- Worked for me, but over the years kind of a pariah status
- However, suddenly have become very popular, with the lack of evidence for "conventional" SUSY at the LHC
- They even have RPV discussions within ATLAS and CMS now

- Quote: "Can explain any experimental anomaly with RPV"
- **Proof:** HERA anomaly, Karmen time anomaly, light bottom squark, NuTeV dimuon events, solar neutrinos via FV

• Exception that proves the Rule: Opera, FTL* neutrinos

* FTL = faster than light





Heinrich Gustav Johannes Kayser *1853 Bingen, † 1940 Bonn







